BCOURT 40	Summercourt Academy	How this document is to be used:
JUNERCOURT ACTOR	<u></u>	• During planning for the teaching of <i>Physical Education</i> the following document will support staff in ensuring coverage
		of the National Curriculum objectives for their year groups/phases as well as how Physical education should progress
THE STREET	Physical Education Skills	as pupils move up through the school.
AT HIGH SMILE AND	Progression Maps	• Learning objectives should, where possible, be copied from the skills bank below to ensure progression.

	<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2</u>	<u>Year 3</u>	<u>Year 4</u>	<u>Year 5</u>	<u>Year 6</u>
	 To explore gymnastic actions and shapes. To explore travelling on 	• To remember and repeat simple gymnastic actions with control.	 To explore jumping techniques and link them with other gymnastic actions. 	 To identify and practise body shapes. 	 To identify and practise body shapes and balances. 	 To identify and practise gymnastic shapes and balances.
	• To explore movement	 To balance on isolated parts of the body using 	• To explore jumping techniques and to link them with other gymnastic actions.	 To identify and practise symmetrical and asymmetrical body shapes. 	 To identify and practise symmetrical and asymmetrical body shapes. 	 To identify and practise symmetrical and asymmetrical body shapes.
	actions with control, and to link them together with flow.	the floor and hold balance. • To develop a range of	 To select and adapt gymnastics actions to meet the task. 	 To construct sequences using balancing and linking movements. 	: • To use and refine the following skills: flexibility, strength, balance, power and mental focus.	 To construct sequences using balancing and linking movements
<u>Gymnastics</u>	 To choose and use simple compositional ideas by creating and performing sequences. To repeat and link 	gymnastic moves, particularly balancing.	 To work with a partner or a small group to create a sequence that develops 	• To use counterbalances and incorporate them into a sequence of movements.	 To develop skills for movement, including rolling, bridging and dynamic movement. 	 To use counterbalances and incorporate them into a sequence of movements.
<u>Gym</u>	combinations of gymnastic actions. • To link combinations of movements and shapes	• To link together several gymnastic actions into a sequence.	 jumping skills. To improve the ability to choose appropriate actions 	 To perform movements in canon and in unison. To perform and evaluate own 	 To use counterbalances and incorporate them into a sequence of movements. 	• To perform movements in canon and in unison.
	with control.	 To explore ways of travelling around on large apparatus. 	when creating a sequence of gymnastic movements to music.	and others' sequences.	• To perform movements in canon and in unison.	 To perform and evaluate own and others' sequences.
		• To choose and use a variety of gymnastic actions to make a sequence.			 To perform and evaluate own and others' sequences. 	

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	<u>Year 4</u>	<u>Year 5</u>	<u>Year 6</u>
	• To change direction during travelling moves.	• To explore different levels and speeds of movement.	 To explore dance movements and create patterns of movement. 	• To identify and practise the patterns and actions of chosen dance style.	• To identify and practise the patterns and actions of the chosen dance style.	• To identify and practise the patterns and actions in a street dance style.
Dance	 To link travelling moves that change direction and level. To link moves together. To use a variety of moves. To explore basic body patterns and movements to music. To use a variety of moves that change speed and direction. To link together dance moves with gestures and changing direction in time to music. To practise taking off from different positions. To complete an obstacle course with control and agility. 	 To compose and perform simple dance phrases. To show contrasts in simple dances with good body shape and position. To develop a range of dance movements and improve timing. To work to music, creating movements that show rhythm and control. To work to music, creating movements that show rhythm and control. 	 To work with a partner to create dance patterns. To perform a dance with rhythm and expression. To use knowledge of dance to create a story in small groups. To develop precision of movement. To work co-operatively with a group to create a dance piece. To perform in front of others with confidence. 	 To demonstrate an awareness of the music's rhythm and phrasing when improvising. To create an individual dance that reflects the chosen dancing style. To create partnered dances that reflect the dancing style and apply the key components of dance. To perform dance using a range of movement patterns. To perform and evaluate own and others' work. 	 To demonstrate an awareness of the music's rhythm and phrasing when improvising. To create and perform an individual dance that reflects the chosen dance style. To create partnered dances that reflect the chosen dancing style and apply the key components of dance. To create group dances that reflect the dance style. To perform a dance using a range of movement patterns. To perform and evaluate own and others' work. 	 To demonstrate an awareness of the music's rhythm and phrasing when improvising. To create a dance that represents a street dance style. To create a dance as a group, using any street dance moves. To create a dance as a group, using any street dance moves. To create a dance as a group, using any street dance moves. To perform and analyse own and others' performance.

	<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2</u>	Year 3	<u>Year 4</u>	<u>Year 5</u>	<u>Year 6</u>
	-To develop travel in vertical or horizontal position and introduce floats.	-To develop travel in vertical or horizontal position and introduce floats.	-To develop travel in vertical or horizontal position and introduce floats.	-To develop travel in vertical or horizontal position and introduce floats.	-To develop travel in vertical or horizontal position and introduce floats.	-Master travel in vertical or horizontal position and introduce floats.
<u>Swimming</u>	floats. -To develop kick action on front and back with or without support aids. -To develop entry and exit, travel further, float and submerge. -To develop water confidence -To Introduce Play in the water	 -To introduce and develop push and glides, -To develop any kick action on front and back with or without support aids. -To develop entry and exit, travel further, float and submerge. -To develop balance, link activities and travel further on whole stroke. -To show breath control. -Introduction to deeper 	 -To develop push and glides, any kick action on front and back with or without support aids. -Introduce Breaststroke. -To develop balance, link activities and travel further on whole stroke. -To show breath control. -Introduction to deeper water. Treading water. 	 -To develop push and glides, any kick action on front and back with or without support aids. -Introduce Butterfly Stroke -To develop entry and exit, travel further, float and submerge. -To develop balance, link activities and travel further on whole stroke. -To show breath control. -Introduction to deeper water. Treading water. 	 -To develop push and glides, any kick action on front and back with or without support aids. -To develop balance, link activities and travel further on whole stroke. - To show breath control. -Introduction to deeper water. Treading water. -Introduce Life saving 	 -Master push and glides, any kick action on front and back with or without support aids. -Master entry and exit, travel further, float and submerge. -Master balance, link activities and travel further on whole stroke. -Master breath control. -Master to deeper water. Treading water. -To Swim 25 meters Unaided
		water. Treading water.				-Master Life saving

	<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2</u>	<u>Year 3</u>	<u>Year 4</u>	<u>Year 5</u>	<u>Year 6</u>
	• To use varying speeds when running.	• To run with agility and confidence.	• To run in different directions and at different speeds, using a good technique.	• To select and maintain a running pace for different distances.	To use correct technique to run at speed.	 To investigate running styles and changes of speed.
	 To explore footwork patterns. To explore arm mobility. 	 To learn the best jumping techniques for distance. To throw different 	• To improve throwing technique.	 To practise throwing with power and accuracy. To throw safely and with understanding. 	 To develop the ability to run for distance. To throw with accuracy and power. 	 To practise throwing with power and accuracy. To throw safely and with understanding.
<u>tics</u>	 To explore different methods of throwing. 	objects in a variety of ways.	• To reinforce jumping techniques.	• To demonstrate good running technique in a competitive	• To identify and apply techniques of relay running. • To explore different footwork patterns.	 To demonstrate good running technique in a competitive situation.
<u>Athletics</u>	• To practise short distance running.	• To hurdle an obstacle and maintain effective running style.	• To understand the relay and passing the baton.	 To explore different footwork patterns. 	• To understand which technique is most effective when jumping for distance.	• To explore different footwork patterns.
		• To run for distance.	• To choose and understand appropriate running techniques.	 To understand which technique is most effective when jumping for distance. 	• Learn how to use skills to improve the distance of a pull throw.	• To understand which technique is most effective when jumping for distance.
		• To complete an obstacle course with control and agility.	• To compete in a mini- competition, recording scores.	To utilise all the skills learned in this unit in a competitive situation.	• To demonstrate good techniques in a competitive situation.	• To utilise all the skills learned in this unit in a competitive situation.

	<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2</u>	<u>Year 3</u>	<u>Year 4</u>	<u>Year 5</u>	<u>Year 6</u>
Striking and Fielding	 To learn skills for striking and fielding games. 	 To learn skills for playing striking and fielding games. 	 To consolidate and develop a range of skills in striking and fielding. To develop and investigate 	• To develop and investigate different ways of throwing, and to know when each is appropriate.	 To develop skills in batting and fielding. 	• To throw and catch under pressure.
	 To practise basic striking, sending and receiving. 	• To position the body to strike a ball.	 different ways of throwing and to know when it is appropriate to use them. • To consolidate and develop a range of skills in striking and fielding. • To practise the correct technique for catching a ball and use it in a game. • To consolidate and develop a range of skills in striking and fielding. • To practise the correct 	• To use ABC (agility, balance, co-ordination) to field a ball well.	 To choose fielding techniques. To run between the wickets. 	 To use fielding skills to stop the ball effectively.
	• To use throwing and catching skills in a game.	• To develop catching skills.		To use ABC (agility, balance, co- ordination) to move into good positions for catching and apply	• To run, throw and catch.	To learn batting control.To learn the role of backstop.
	 To practise accuracy of throwing and consistent catching. 	• To throw a ball for distance.		• To use hand-eye co-	work a	• To play in a tournament and work as team, using tactics in order to beat another team.
	• To strike with a racket or bat.	 To practise throwing skills in a circuit. 	 in a game situation. To consolidate and develop a range of skills in striking and fielding. 	ordination to strike a moving and a stationary ball.	• To use all the skills learned by playing in a mini tournament.	 To play in a tournament and work as team, using tactics in order to beat another team.
	 To play a game fairly and in a sporting manner. 	 To play a game fairly and in a sporting manner. 	 To practise the correct technique for fielding and use it in a game situation. To consolidate the throwing, catching and batting 	• To develop fielding skills and understand their importance when playing a game.		
	 To use fielding skills to play a game. 	• To use fielding skills to play a game.	 skills already learned. To strike the ball for distance. To know how to play a striking and fielding game competitively and fairly. 	To play in a competitive situation, and to demonstrate sporting behaviour.		

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	To explore static	• To use hand-eye co-	• To be aware of others when	Invasion (Football/Hockey)	Invasion (Netball)	Invasion (Rugby)
	balancing and understand	ordination to control a	playing games.	<u>Invasion (Pootbally Hockey)</u>		<u>invasion (Rugby)</u>
	the concept of bases.	ball.	praying games.	 To keep possession of a ball. 	• To demonstrate basic passing	• To understand the basic rules
			 To choose the correct skills to 		and receiving skills	of tag/touch rugby.
	• To combine several co-	 To catch a variety of 	meet a challenge. • To perform	 To use ABC (agility, balance, 	using a netball.	
	ordination drills, using	objects.	a range of actions, maintaining	co-ordination) techniques to		 To work as a team, using ball-
	upper and lower body	 To vary types of throw. 	control of the ball.	keep control of a ball in a	 To develop an understanding 	handling skills.
	movements.	* 111 1 11	T	competitive situation.	and knowledge of the basic	
	• To sime veriety of halls	• To kick and move with a	 To perform a range of catching and gathering skills 	• To use accurate passing and	footwork rule of netball.	• To pass and carry a ball using
	• To aim a variety of balls and equipment	ball.To develop catching	with control.	 To use accurate passing and dribbling in a game. 	 To use good hand/eye co- 	balance and co- ordination.
	accurately.	and dribbling skills.	with control.	dribbling in a game.	ordination to pass and receive	 To use skills learned to play a
			 To master the basic catching 	 To identify and apply ways to 	a ball successfully.	game of tag rugby.
	• To time running to stop	 To use ball skills in a 	technique.	move the ball towards an		Sume of tag ragby.
	or intercept the path of a	mini festival.		opponent's goal.	 To develops kills in the range 	 To apply rules and skills
	ball.	 To explore static 	 To catch with increasing 		of passes – chest pass,	learned to a game.
<u>.</u>		balancing and understand	control and accuracy.	• To learn concepts of attack	overhead pass, bounce pass	
ta	• To travel in different	the concept of bases.		and defence.	and to understand which pass	 To play in a mini tag rugby
eu	ways, showing clear transitions between		 To master the basic throwing technique 	a Ta play in a mini	to use depending on the	competition.
E	movements.	• To combine several co- ordination drills, using	technique.	 To play in a mini competition. 	distance the ball needs to travel.	
	movements.	upper and lower body	 To throw and hit a ball in 	competition.	travel.	
<mark>Games/Fundamentals</mark> .	• To travel in different	movements.	different ways (e.g., high, low,		• To understand the	
s/I	directions (side to side,		fast or slow).		importance of 'getting free' in	
ne	up and down) with	 To aim a variety of balls 			order to receive a pass.	
jar	control and fluency.	and equipment	 To apply skills and tactics in 			
		accurately.	small-sided games.		• To understand how to make	
.0	• To practise ABC (agility, balance and co-	• To time running to stop	 To identify and follow the 		space by moving away and coming back and by dodging.	
<u>/as</u>	ordination) at circuit	or intercept the path of a ball.	rules of games.		coming back and by douging.	
<u>Invasion</u>	stations.	ban.	rules of games.		• To be able to demonstrate a	
		 To travel in different 	To choose and use simple		range of defending skills and	
		ways, showing clear	tactics to suit different		understand how to mark an	
		transitions between	situations.		opponent.	
		movements.				
		- · · · · · · · ·	• To react to situations in ways		• To understand how to	
		• To travel in different	that make it difficult for		intercept a pass.	
		directions (side to side, up and down) with	opponents to win.		• To learn how to shoot.	
		control and fluency.				
					• To Understand the different	
		 To practise ABC (agility, 			positions in a netball team	
		balance and co-			, (five-a-side).	
		ordination) at circuit			 To recognise which positions 	
		stations.			are attacking and which are	
					defending.	
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	<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2</u>	<u>Year 3</u>	<u>Year 4</u>	<u>Year 5</u>	<u>Year 6</u>
<u>Net Games</u>	Short Tennis • To become familiar with balls and short tennis rackets. Bounce the ball on the racket. Hit the ball in a specified direction. • To get the ball into play.	 Short Tennis To become familiar with balls and short tennis rackets. To get the ball into play. To accurately serve underarm. To build up a rally. 	Badminton • To become familiar with balls and short tennis rackets. • To get the ball into play. • To accurately serve underarm. • To build up a rally. • To build a rally, focusing on accuracy of strokes. • To play a variety of shots in a game situation and to explore when different shots should be played. Learning objective:	Badminton • To identify and apply techniques for hitting a Shuttle • To develop the techniques for ground strokes and volleys. • To develop a backhand technique and use it in a game. • To practise techniques for all strokes. • To use the scoring system and court for singles Badminton • To play a Badminton game using an overhead serve and the correct selections of shots. • To understand and use doubles scoring in a Badminton game.	Tennis • To identify and apply techniques for hitting a tennis ball. • To develop the techniques for ground strokes and volleys. • To develop a backhand technique and use it in a game. • To practise techniques for all strokes. • To use the scoring system and court for singles tennis. • To play a tennis game using an overhead serve and the correct selections of shots. • To understand and use doubles scoring in a tennis game.	Tennis• To demonstrate and use the correct grip of the racket and understand how to get into the ready position.• To use good hand/eye co- ordination to be able to contact the shuttle with the face of the racket.• Understand how to serve the shuttle in order to start the game.• Recognise the difference between the low serve and the high serve.• To develop children's ability to perform and understand the 'overhead clear' shot and the impact that playing the overhead clear can have on winning points during game play.• To understand that the drop shot is an attacking shot, and why.• To know where the drop should be aimed for, for it to be most productive, and why.• To develop knowledge, understand in a game.• To develop knowledge, understand principles within a doubles game, including tactics and strategies used.